

ul. Filtrowa 1

tel.: (+48 22) 825-04-71 (+48 22) 825-76-55

fax: (+48 22) 825-52-86

www.itb.pl





## **European Technical** Assessment

ETA-12/0319 of 28/09/2018

#### **General Part**

**Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment** 

Trade name of the construction product

Product family to which the construction product belongs

Manufacturer

Manufacturing plant

This European Technical Assessment contains

This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of

This version replaces

Instytut Techniki Budowlanej

Injection system R-KER / RV200 mortar

Post-installed rebar connections with R-KER / RV200 mortar

RAWLPLUG S.A. ul. Kwidzyńska 6, 51-416 Wrocław, Poland

Manufacturing Plant no. 3

19 pages including 3 Annexes which form an integral part of this Assessment

European Assessment Document EAD 330087-00-0601 "Systems for post-installed rebar connections with mortar"

ETA-12/0319 issued on 22/11/2012

This European Technical Assessment is issued by the Technical Assessment Body in its official language. Translations of this European Technical Assessment in other languages shall fully correspond to the original issued document and should be identified as such.

Communication of this European Technical Assessment, including transmission by electronic means, shall be in full. However, partial reproduction may be made, with the written consent of the issuing Technical Assessment Body. Any partial reproduction has to be identified as such.

## **Specific Part**

## 1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this assessment are the post-installed rebar connections, by anchoring or overlap connection joint of steel reinforcing bars (rebars) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using injection mortar R-KER / RV200 in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars made of steel with diameter from 8 to 32 mm and R-KER / RV200 injection mortar are used for the post-installed rebar connections. The steel element is placed into a drilled hole previously filled with a injection mortar and is anchored by the bond between embedded element, injection mortar and concrete.

An illustration and the description of the products are given in Annex A.

# 2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document (EAD)

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the post-installed connections are used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The performances given in this European Technical Assessment are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer or the Technical Assessment Body, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

# 3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

## 3.1 Performance of the product

## 3.1.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

The essential characteristic are detailed in the Annex C.

#### 3.1.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

No performance assessed.

#### 3.2 Methods used for the assessment

The assessment of the post-installed rebar connections has been made in accordance with the EAD 330087-00-0601 "Systems for post-installed rebar connections with mortar".

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

According to the Decision 96/582/EC of the European Commission the system 1 of assessment and verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) applies.

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document (EAD)

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited at Instytut Techniki Budowlanej.

For type testing the results of the tests performed as part of the assessment for the European Technical Assessment shall be used unless there are changes in the production line or plant. In such cases the necessary type testing has to be agreed between Instytut Techniki Budowlanej and the notified body.

Issued in Warsaw on 28/09/2018 by Instytut Techniki Budowlanei

Anna Panek, MSc Deputy Director of ITB

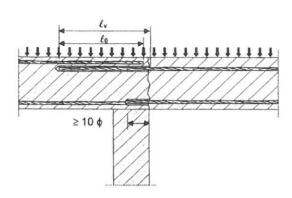


Figure A1 Overlap joint for rebar connections of slabs and beams

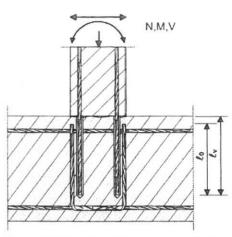


Figure A2 Overlap joint at a foundation of a column or wall where the rebar is stressed in tension

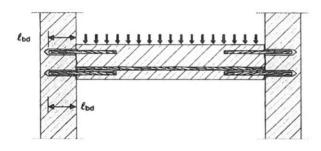


Figure A3 End anchoring of slabs or beams, designed as simply supported

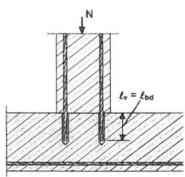


Figure A4 rebar connection for components stressed primarily in compression; rebar is stressed in compression

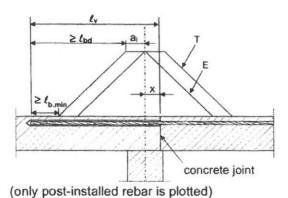


Figure A5 Anchoring of reinforcement to cover the line of acting tensile force

#### Key to Figure A5

- T acting tensile force
- E envelope of  $M_{ed}/z + N_{ed}$  (see EN 1992-1-1, Figure 9.2)
- x distance between the theoretical point of support and concrete joint

#### Note to Figure A1 to A5

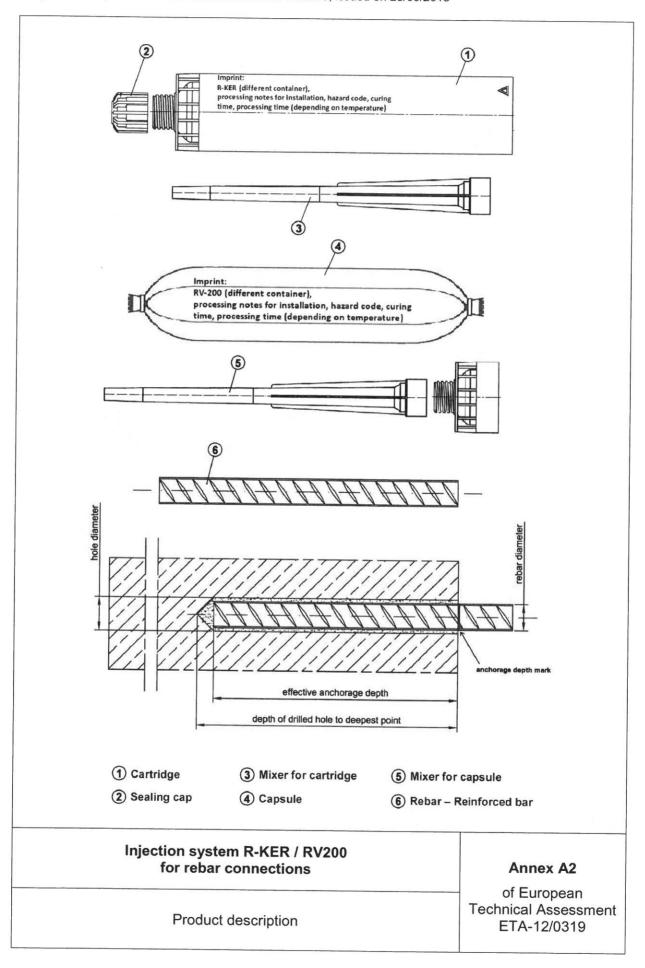
In the Figures no transverse reinforcement is plotted, the transverse reinforcement as required by EN 1992-1-1 shall be present.

The shear transfer between old and new concrete shall be designed according to EN 1992-1-1.

# Injection system R-KER / RV200 for rebar connections

Use of the product

#### Annex A1



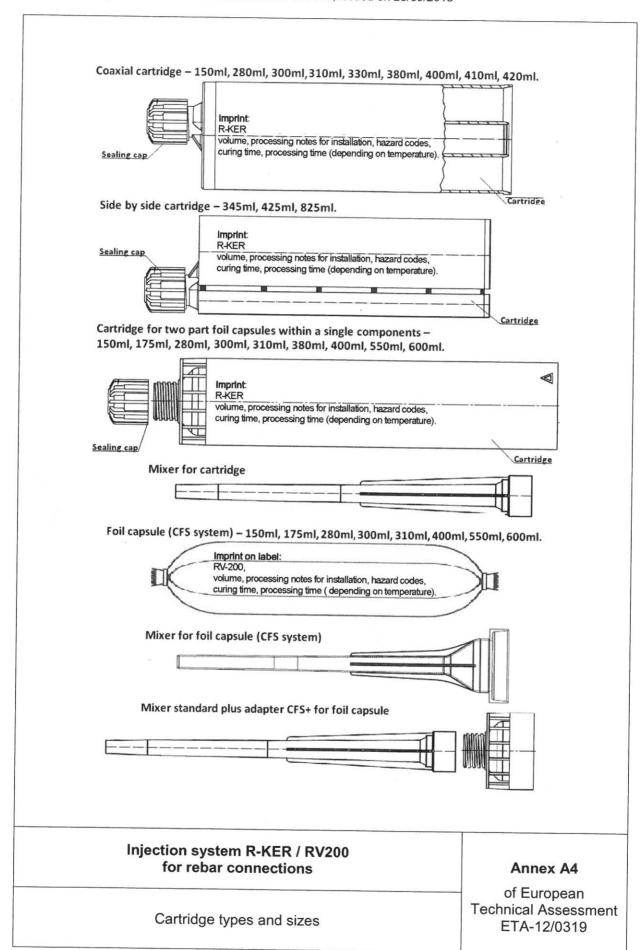
## Table A1: Rebars

Designation	Rebars
Rebars according to EN 1992-1-1, Annex C, Table C.1 and C.2N	Bars and de-coiled rods Class B or C  Minimum relative rib area, f <sub>R,min</sub> , according to EN 1992-1-1
	The rib height h: h ≤ 0,07 · Ø

## Table A2: Injection mortar

Designation	Composition		
R-KER / RV200	Bonding agent: vinyl ester resin styrene free Hardener: dibenzoyl peroxide		
(two component injection mortar)	Additive: quartz		

Injection system R-KER / RV200 for rebar connections	Annex A3
Materials	of European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0319



#### SPECIFICATION OF INTENDED USE

#### Anchorages subject to:

Static and quasi-static loads.

#### Base material:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength class C12/15 at minimum to C50/60 at maximum according to EN 206.
- Maximum chloride content of 0,40% (Cl 0,40) related to the cement content according to EN 206.
- Non-carbonated concrete.

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonate layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of  $d_s$  + 60 mm prior to the installation of the new rebar. The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover according to EN 1992-1-1.

The above may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

#### Temperature in the base material:

#### At installation:

-5°C to +40°C.

#### In service:

■ -40°C to +80°C (max. short term temperature +80°C and max. long term temperature +50°C).

#### Use conditions (environmental conditions):

- Structures subject to dry internal conditions.
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure including industrial and marine environment.
- Structures subject to permanently damp internal conditions if no particular aggressive conditions exist.

Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

#### Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking into account of the forces to be transmitted.
- Design according to EN 1992-1-1 and Annex B2.
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

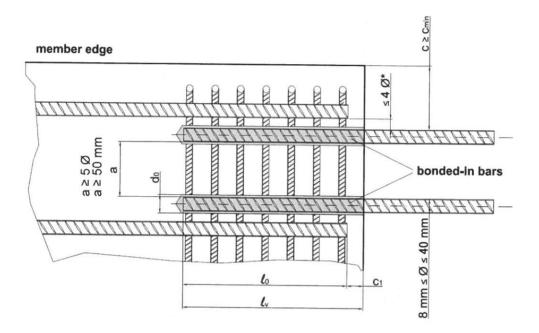
#### Installation:

- Dry or wet concrete (use category 1).
- It must not be installed in flooded holes.
- Overhead installation is permissible.
- Hole drilling by hammer drilling.
- Installation of the post-installed rebar shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under supervision on the site.
- Check the position of the existing rebar (if the position of existing rebars is not known it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

Inje	ection system R-KER / RV200 for rebar connections	Annex B1
	Specification of intended use	of European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0319

## General design rules of construction for post-installed rebar

- Only tension forces in the axis of the rebar may be transmitted.
- The transfer of shear forces between new concrete and existing structure shall be designed additionally according to EN 1992-1-1.
- The joints for concreting must be roughened to at least such an extended that aggregate protrude.



\* If the clear distance between overlapping rebar is greater than 4·Ø the overlap length shall be enlarged by the difference between the clear distance and 4·Ø.

l<sub>0</sub> - lap length acc. to EN 1992-1-1, clause 8.7.3

 $I_v$  - effective embedment depth;  $I_v \ge I_0 + c_1$ 

c – concrete cover of post-installed rebar

c<sub>min</sub> - minimum concrete cover acc. to Annex B3 and EN 1992-1-1, clause 4.4.1.2

c<sub>1</sub> - concrete cover at end-face of existing rebar

d<sub>0</sub> - nominal drill bit diameter acc. to Annex B3

Ø - rebar diameter (d<sub>s</sub>)

## Injection system R-KER / RV200 for rebar connections

General design rules of construction for post-installed rebars

#### Annex B2

## Table B1: Installation data - hammer drilling

Rebar diameter [mm]	Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32
Drill bit diameter [mm]	12	14	16	18	20	25	30	35	35	40
Brush diameter [mm]	14	16	20	20	24	28	37	37	37	42
Minimum anchorage length I <sub>b,min</sub> [mm]	115	145	170	200	230	285	355	400	420	455
Minimum anchorage length I <sub>o,min</sub> - overlap joint [mm]	200	215	255	300	340	430	540	600	640	690
Maximum embedment depth I <sub>v,max</sub> [mm]	400	500	600	700	800	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

#### Note:

 $\begin{array}{l} I_{b,min}(\text{or I}_{v,min}) = \alpha_{lb} \; x \; \text{max} \; \{0,3 \; x \; I_{b,rqd} \; ; \; 100 \; ; \; 100 \; \text{mm} \} \; \text{for} \; \varnothing 8 \; \text{to} \; \varnothing 32 \\ I_{o,min}(\text{or I}_{v,min}) = \alpha_{lb} \; x \; \text{max} \; \{0,3 \; x \; \alpha_6 \; x \; I_{b,rqd} \; ; \; 150 \; ; \; 200 \; \text{mm} \} \; \text{for} \; \varnothing 8 \; \text{to} \; \varnothing 32 \\ \text{with: yield stress for rebar 500 N/mm}^2 \; ; \; \gamma_M = 1,15 \; ; \; \alpha_6 = 1,5 \; ; \; \text{concrete C20/25 and} \; f_{bd} = 2,3 \; \text{N/mm}^2 \end{array}$ (good bond conditions)

#### Minimum concrete cover (see Annex B2):

 $c_{min}$  = 30 mm + 0,06  $\cdot$   $I_{v} \geq 2 \ensuremath{\mbox{\varnothing}}$  for  $\ensuremath{\mbox{\varnothing}} < 25$  mm

 $c_{min} = 40 \text{ mm} + 0.06 \cdot l_v \ge 2\emptyset \text{ for } \emptyset \ge 25 \text{ mm}$ 

The minimum concrete cover according to EN 1992-1-1 shall be observed.

## Minimum clear spacing between two post-installed rebar:

a ≥ 50 mm

a ≥ 5Ø

Injection system R-KER / RV200 for rebar connections	Annex B3
Installation data – hammer drilling	of European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0319

Table B2: Processing time and minimum curing time

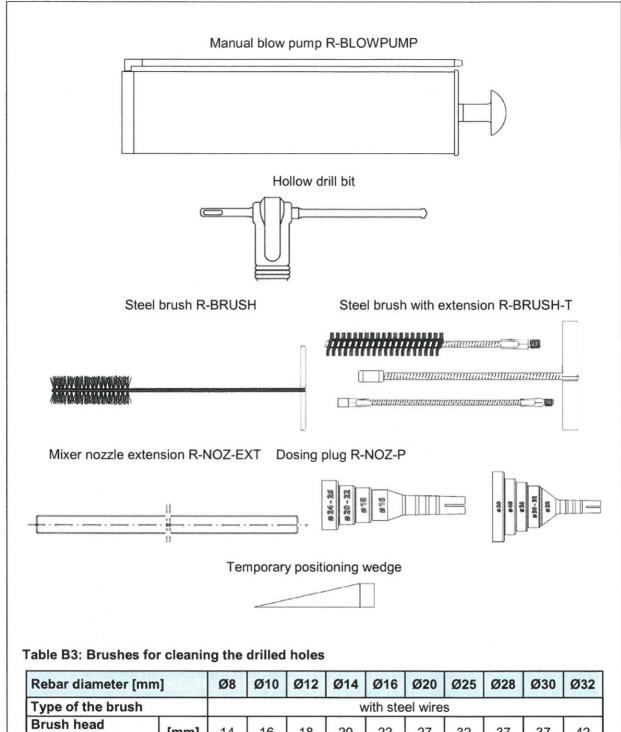
R-KER / RV200 (standard version)					
Temperature of resin [C°]	Temperature of substrate [C°]	Processing time [min.]	Minimum curing time <sup>1)</sup> [min.]		
+5	-5	40	1440		
+5	0	30	180		
+5	+5	15	90		
+10	+10	8	60		
+15	+15	5	60		
+20	+20	2,5	45		
+25	+25	2	45		
+25	+30	2	45		
+25	+35	1,5	30		
+25	+40	1,5	30		

The minimum time from the end of the mixing to the time when the rebar may be loaded. Minimum resin temperature for installation +5°C. Maximum resin temperature for installation +25°C. For wet condition the curing time must be double.

Injection system R-KER / RV200 for rebar connections

Processing time and minimum curing time

Annex B4



Rebar diameter [mm	]	Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32
Type of the brush					٧	vith ste	el wire	S			
Brush head diameter	[mm]	14	16	18	20	22	27	32	37	37	42
Brush head length	[mm]			8	0				10	00	

Injection system R-KER / RV200 for rebar connections	Annex B5
Tools for installation (1)	of European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0319

Page 14 of European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0319, issued on 28/09/2018

Dispensers	Cartridge or foil capsule size		
Manual gun for coaxial cartridges	380, 400, 410 and 420 ml		
Manual gun for side by side cartridges	345 ml		
Manual gun for foil capsule and coaxial cartridges	150, 175, 280, 300 and 310 ml		
Manual gun for foil capsules	300 to 600 ml		
Cordless dispenser gun for coaxial cartridges	380, 400, 410 and 420 ml		
	300 to 600 ml		
Cordless dispenser gun for foil capsules			
Pneumatic gun for coaxial cartridges	380, 400, 410 and 420 ml		

Injection system R-KER / RV200 for rebar connections	Annex B6
Tools for installation (2)	of European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0319

Page 15 of European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0319, issued on 28/09/2018

	Drill hole to the required diameter and depth using a rotary percussive machine
X	Hole cleaning.  Cleaning hole with brush and hand pump:  - starting from the drill hole bottom blow the hole at least 4 times using the hand pump  - using the specified brush, mechanically brush out
x4	the hole at least 4 times  - starting from the drill hole bottom, blow at least 4 times with the hand pump.
No way	Insert cartridge into dispenser and attach nozzle.     Dispense to waste until even colour is obtained (min.10 cm).
<b>←</b>	Insert the mixing nozzle to the far end of the hole and inject resin, slowly withdrawing the nozzle as the hole is filled to 2/3 of its depth.
SECURIOR DE L'ANGEL DE	Immediately insert the rebar, slowly and with slight twisting motion. Remove any excess resin around the hole before it sets.
0	Leave the fixing undisturbed until the curing time elapses.

Injection system R-KER / RV200 for rebar connections	Annex B7
Installation instruction (1) – standard installation	of European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0319

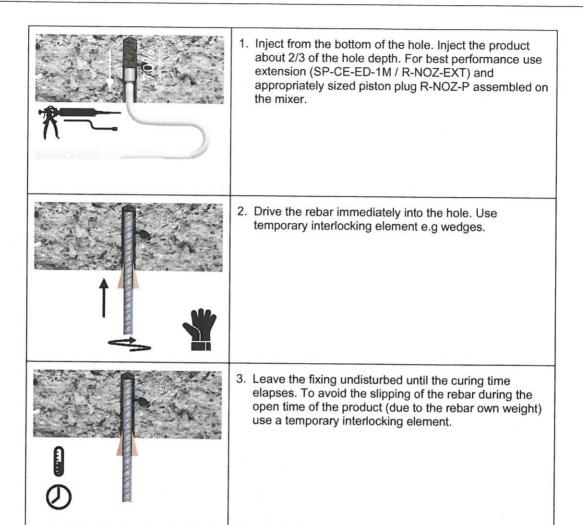


Table B4. Piston plug R-NOZ-P size

Hole diameter [mm]	16	18	20	25	30	35	40
Piston plug R-NOZ-P description	Ø16	Ø18	Ø20	Ø24 – Ø26	Ø30	Ø35	Ø40

# Injection system R-KER / RV200 for rebar connections

Installation instruction (2) - overhead installation

#### **Annex B8**

Table C1: Amplification factor  $\alpha_{lb}$ 

The minimum anchorage length  $I_{b,min}$  and the minimum lap length  $I_{o,min}$  according to EN 1992-1-1 shall be multiplied by the relevant amplification factor  $\alpha_{lb}$  in table C1.

Rebar diameter	Concrete strength class											
[mm]	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60			
Ø8	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00			
Ø10	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00			
Ø12	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00			
Ø14	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00			
Ø16	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00			
Ø20	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,05			
Ø25	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,07	1,07	1,07			
Ø28	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,13	1,13			
Ø30	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00			
Ø32	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,08	1,08	1,08	1,08			

Injection system R-KER / RV200 for rebar connections	Annex C1
Amplification factor α <sub>lb</sub>	of European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0319

Table C2: Bond efficiency value k<sub>b</sub>

Bar diameter	Concrete strength class											
[mm]	C12/15	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60			
Ø8	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00			
Ø10	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00			
Ø12	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00			
Ø14	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00			
Ø16	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	0,93			
Ø20	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	0,91	0,84	0,86			
Ø25	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	0,88	0,80	0,82	0,76	0,71			
Ø28	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	0,88	0,80	0,73	0,76	0,71			
Ø30	1,00	1,00	1,00	0,86	0,76	0,80	0,73	0,67	0,63			
Ø32	1,00	1,00	1,00	0,86	0,76	0,80	0,73	0,67	0,63			

Injection system R-KER / RV200 for rebar connections	Annex C2
Bond efficiency value k <sub>b</sub>	of European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0319

Table C3: Design values of the ultimate bond resistance  $f_{bd}^{(1)}$  in N/mm<sup>2</sup>

Rebar diameter [mm]	Concrete strength class										
	C12/15	C16/20	20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60		
Ø8	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,30		
Ø10	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,30		
Ø12	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,30		
Ø14	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,30		
Ø16	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,00		
Ø20	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,40	3,40	3,70		
Ø25	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	2,70	2,70	3,00	3,00	3,00		
Ø28	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	2,70	2,70	2,70	3,00	3,00		
Ø30	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,30	2,30	2,70	2,70	2,70	2,70		
Ø32	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,30	2,30	2,70	2,70	2,70	2,70		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> According to EN 1992-1-1 for good bond conditions. For all other bond conditions multiply the value by 0,7.

Injection system R-KER / RV200	
for rebar connections	

Design values of the ultimate bond resistance fbd

## Annex C3